Response ID ANON-JN9Z-F86H-7

Submitted to P1062 - Defining added sugars for claims Submitted on 2023-10-02 09:19:24 Complete your submission Your details What is your name? Contact person: Emma Shields What is your email address? Email address: emma@cancer.org.nz What is your telephone number? Telephone: 021883493 Which one of the following groups do you most affiliate with? Public health group If other, please specify: What is the name of your organisation? Please write N/A if this does not apply.: Cancer Society of New Zealand What is your position title? Please write N/A if this does not apply.: National Advisor-Cancer Prevention and Policy Are you the contact person for your organisation? If you are not the contact person for your organisation, please provide an alternative contact and details. If not applicable, please leave blank. Contact person's name: Email address: Telephone: Position title: Have you read the P1062 - Defining added sugars for claims call for submission paper? Yes Confidential information All submissions will be published, including redacted versions of confidential submissions. We will not publish material that we accept as confidential. Does your submission contain confidential information?

Proposed changes to 'no added sugar(s)' claim conditions

No. My submission does not contain confidential information.

1 FSANZ proposes to continue to set 'no added sugar(s)' claim conditions based on the addition of ingredients to foods (see section 5.2 of the Call for submissions document).

Do you have any comments on this approach?:

Strongly disagree.

We have two overarching concerns with P1062:

- The definition of added sugar is not comprehensive and not fit for purpose:
- o FSANZ acknowledges there are certain food components that consumers should not be misled about and therefore should not be eligible to carry a 'no added sugar' claim. We support this premise, however, failing to include the food components set out in claim conditions (a)(ii)-(ix) in the added sugar definition only perpetuates existing confusion about these food components and the health halo that surrounds them.
- o With regard to the proposed conditions for 'no added sugar' claims, a number of food components are missing from claim conditions (a)(i)-(ix). More detail on this is discussed in question 2 below.
- o P1062 was initiated in response to Food Ministers asking for work on P1058 to be staged. A definition must be fit for that purpose also.
- That claim conditions are based on the addition of ingredients to foods we do not agree with this basis:
- o 'No added sugar' claims should not be permitted on single ingredient foods that, when added to other foods, would make that food ineligible to display a 'no added sugar' claim (i.e. on fruit juice). More detail on this is discussed in question 6 below.
- o This is inconsistent with draft claim condition (g) which clearly restricts claims on foods with sugars from processing, rather than solely from the addition to foods.

We strongly support the view that 'No added sugar' claim conditions should simply ensure that no food that

- 1) contains 'added sugars' as defined; OR
- 2) is an 'added sugar' as defined and is sold as a single ingredient food,

should be able to carry a 'no added sugar' claim

2 FSANZ proposes a food displaying a 'no added sugar(s)' claim must not contain an 'added sugars' as an added ingredient including an ingredient of a compound ingredient. FSANZ proposes defining 'added sugars' for this claim condition (see section 5.2.1.4 of the Call for submissions document).

Do you have any comments on this approach or the defined added sugars (see below)?:

Not supportive of this approach.

A food displaying a 'no added sugar(s)' should simply not contain, or be, 'added sugars' as that term is defined in the regulation. A comprehensive definition of 'added sugar' is required for this purpose.

We do not support that these sugars need to be physically added as an ingredient for claim conditions to apply. Sugars that are created through processing are not physically added for example. In addition, we strongly disagree with the proposed claim condition (c) - foods for sale that are products listed on proposed claim condition (c)(i)(A)-(H) should not be permitted to carry 'no added sugar' claims. See our response to question 6 for more details.

To be fit for purpose, claim condition (c), the definition of 'added sugar', must include:

☐ all sugars listed in (a)(i) of the draft variation to the Food Standards Code in CFS Attachment A

Comments on food components listed in condition (c) of the draft variation to the Food Standards Code in CFS Attachment A:

- (c)(i) For completeness we recommend that additional examples are added to the list of examples for condition (c)(i) in section8 of the Draft Explanatory Statement as follows: lactose in whey powder, isomaltose, sugar alcohols
- (c)(iv) For completeness we recommend that additional examples are added to the 'including' list for condition (c)(iv) as follows: cane sugar, beet sugar, white sugar, granulated sugar, fruit sugar,
- (c)(vii) For completeness we recommend that additional examples are added to list of examples for condition (c)(vii) as follows: high fructose corn syrup, tapioca syrup, maple syrup, rice and rice malt syrup
- (c)(xi)

Do not agree that fruit juice should be able to carry a 'no added sugar' claim and the words 'unless the food for sale is fruit juice' should be removed from condition (c)(xi). See our response to question 6 for more details.

- ☐ We strongly recommend that the words 'and concentrated vegetable juices' are added to condition (c)(xi).
- (c)(xii) We strongly recommend that the words 'or vegetable juice' are added to condition (c)(xii) after the words 'deionised fruit juice'
 Whilst deionised vegetable juice is not currently used in the food supply, excluding it from the definition will result in an opportunity for this exclusion to be exploited in future.

□ all sugars listed in (a)(ii)-(ix) of the draft variation to the Food Standards Code in CFS Attachment A

- ☐ the following additional sugars:
- □ concentrated vegetable juice (as noted in relation to (c)(xi) above). See our additional comments below under 'Vegetable products'.
- deionised vegetable juice (as noted in relation to (c)(xii) above). See our additional comments below under 'Vegetable products'.
- ☐ whole, cut or chopped dried fruit. See our additional comments below under 'dried fruit'.
- anned fruit or frozen fruit that contains fruit juice we do not support the exclusion in condition (a)(iii). Fruit juice should always be considered an added sugar.
- Uvegetable juice powder; vegetable powder; vegetable pulp; vegetable puree; concentrated vegetable puree; a blend or combination of any two or more of the fruit or vegetable ingredients listed above. See our additional comments below under 'Vegetable products'.
- nonosaccharides and disaccharides formed or residual from processing, including from hydrolysis and fermentation during the production of a food. See our response to question 7 for more detail.
- □ low energy sugars (monosaccharides and disaccharides) listed in subsection S11—2(3) of schedule 11. See our response to question 4 for more details.

Vegetable products

FSANZ considers processed vegetable products, such as vegetable juice, pulps or purées, should not be captured in the claim conditions as they are not discussed in the dietary guidelines as being of public health concern in relation to sugar. We strongly disagree.

There is no technical or physiological reason to consider that sugar from fruit and vegetable products would be processed differently by the body and therefore they should be treated the same. In FSANZ background paper to P1058 it was consistently recognised that fruits and vegetables should be treated the same and the acknowledgment in P1062 that fruit products are sugars should extend to the equivalent vegetable products. This is consistent with other jurisdictional determinations such as Public Health England (1) and the US Food and Drug Administration (2).

Failure to include vegetable products would see the growth of high sugar vegetable products such as beet juice concentrate which is already in the food supply for the purposes of sweetening

3 FSANZ proposes 'no added sugar(s)' and 'unsweetened' claims are not permitted on foods containing the hexose monosaccharide D-tagatose, as an ingredient, consistent with existing claim conditions in the Code. As D-tagatose is a hexose monosaccharide, it is captured in the definition of 'added sugars' (see section 5.2.2 of the Call for submissions document).

Do you have any comments on this approach?:

We support that foods containing D-tagatose should not be eligible to carry 'no added sugar' or 'unsweetened' claims. However, we do not think this should be limited to D-tagatose, it should extend to all low energy sugars, and we do not think this should be noted as a separate claim condition. D-tagatose and all other low energy sugars (monosaccharides and disaccharides) listed in subsection S11—2(3) of schedule 11, should be included in the definition of 'added sugar' in condition (c).

4 FSANZ proposes foods containing low energy sugars (mono- and disaccharides), as ingredients, listed in subsection S11—2(3) of Schedule 11 not be permitted to display 'unsweetened' claims (see section 5.2.2 of the Call for submissions document).

Do you have any comments on this approach?:

Supportive.

There should be consistency between 'no added sugar' and 'unsweetened' claims and accordingly, low energy sugars (monosaccharides and disaccharides) listed in subsection S11—2(3) of schedule 11, should be in the 'added sugar' definition and no foods containing low energy sugars should be permitted to make 'no added sugar' claims. See our response to question 3 above.

5 FSANZ proposes a food displaying a 'no added sugar(s)' claim must not contain the fruit products listed below as an added ingredient (including as an ingredient of a compound ingredient). FSANZ proposes to exempt fruit products which are lemon or lime fruit (see section 5.3 of the Call for submissions document).

Do you have any comments on this approach or the fruit products listed?:

Strongly agree that a food containing the fruit products listed should not be permitted to carry a 'no added sugar' claim and strongly recommend that the vegetable equivalents are treated the same, see our response to question 2. However, we strongly disagree with the mechanism for this.

6 FSANZ proposes a fruit product which is the food for sale (e.g. fruit juice) be permitted to make a 'no added sugar(s)' claim. This includes when the food is sold as a singular fruit (e.g. apple juice) or a blend of different fruits (e.g. blend of fruit juices), providing the food contains no 'added sugars' or other products identified in claim conditions, as added ingredients. A blend or combination of different fruit products (e.g. fruit juice and fruit purée) will not be permitted to make the claim. FSANZ also proposes to clarify that fruit does not include legumes, fungi, herbs, nuts and spices for the purpose of the claim conditions (see section 5.3 of the Call for submissions document).

Do you have any comments on this approach?:

Strongly disagree.

Allowing fruit products to carry a 'no added sugar' claim when sold as single-ingredient foods but disallowing other products from making the same claim when these fruit products are added to them, gives these foods a health halo and perpetuates consumer beliefs that these fruit products are healthier than they are. It is also inconsistent with the New Zealand dietary guidelines which recommend limiting fruit juice consumption.

This proposal is also inconsistent with the key outcomes of the FSANZ Consumer Evidence Summary on no added sugar claims which states:

'No added sugar' claims appear to modify consumer perceptions of the food products they are applied to in terms of healthfulness, naturalness and taste. The majority of studies looking at healthfulness perceptions indicate that 'no added sugar' claims increase how healthy consumers perceive food products to be."

□ 'No added sugar' claims were found to have an influence on purchasing decisions in studies relating to toddler and infant foods, fruit beverages and fruit juices."

7 FSANZ proposes 'no added sugar(s)' claims are not permitted when the concentration of sugars in the food is increased from the hydrolysis of carbohydrates during food manufacture, except when the sugars concentration in cereal-based plant milks made using hydrolysis is $\leq 1.5\%$ (and the product otherwise meets claim conditions) (see section 5.3.2 of the Calls for submissions document).

Do you have any comments on this approach?:

We support FSANZs proposal that foods containing sugars from hydrolysis should not be permitted to make 'no added sugar' claims, however, we do not support:

- (1) the exclusion of other processing techniques from this definition;
- (2) the exemption for products that contain less than ≤ 1.5% sugars;
- (3) that sugars from hydrolysis are treated differently to other 'added sugars' these sugars should be 'added sugars' as defined.
- 8 FSANZ proposes to maintain the existing condition that a food displaying an 'unsweetened' claim must meet the conditions for a 'no added sugar(s)' claim, noting that the amended 'no added sugar(s)' claim conditions will apply (see section 5.4 of the Call for submissions document).

Do you have any comments on this approach?:

Strongly supportive.

We note that all proposed amendments to 'no added sugar' claim conditions in our submission should apply for 'unsweetened' claims also.

9 FSANZ proposes to maintain the existing condition for intense sweeteners, sorbitol, mannitol, glycerol, xylitol, isomalt, maltitol syrup or lactitol. FSANZ proposes a food containing low energy sugars (mono- and disaccharides) listed in subsection S11—2(3) of schedule 11, as an ingredient (including an ingredient of a compound ingredient), not be permitted to display an 'unsweetened' claim (see section 5.4 of the Call for submissions document).

Do you have any comments on this approach?:

Strongly support the position that a product containing sweeteners should continue to be unable to carry an 'unsweetened' claim. However, the terminology "non-sugar sweetener" should be used instead and a definition added to the Food Standards Code as per the World Health Organization definition of this term. This would ensure all low and non-calorie sweeteners are captured within the definition including acesulfame K, aspartame, advantame, cyclamates, neotame, saccharin, sucralose, stevia and stevia derivatives.

10 FSANZ is proposing a two-year transition period to allow producers, manufacturers and importers time to make any required labelling changes for products carrying 'no added sugar(s)' or 'unsweetened' claims to comply with the new claim conditions (see section 7 of the Call for submissions document).

Do you have any comments on this approach?:

Supportive.

Data and evidence

11 Do you have any data or are you aware of published data on the number of products with 'no added sugar(s)' or 'unsweetened' claims in Australia and/or New Zealand (see data used for this proposal at section 3.1 of the Call for submissions document)?

No

If yes, please upload your file here.:

No file uploaded

12 Do you have any evidence or are you aware of published literature on consumer understanding of and responses to 'no added sugar(s)' or 'unsweetened' claims on food products (see evidence used for this proposal at section 3.2 of the Call for submissions report and Supporting Document 1)?

No

If yes, please upload your file here.:

No file uploaded

13 Do you have any data or know of any published data on the costs of labelling changes per stock keeping unit or package type (see data used for this proposal at Attachment E to the Call for submissions document)?

No

If yes, please upload your file here:

No file uploaded

Additional comments

Comments and other input

Additional comments and input:

Please upload additional files here.:

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